

PRELIMINARY BLASTING PLAN
Steuben Wind Project
Towns of Hornellsville and Hartsville
Steuben County, New York

Blasting of near surface exposed rock and rock removal is not expected or anticipated for the construction of the Steuben Wind Project. However, additional information or investigation could indicate that blasting may be required when bedrock is encountered at depths less than 10 feet below ground surface; assuming the bedrock is not rippable with an excavator or able to be broken by pneumatic hammer. Blasted rock or boulders may be broken into a well-graded mixture of the size recommended by the geotechnical engineer.

Although not anticipated and only in the event that blasting is necessary, the procedure shall consist of implementing line control to full depth and then the use of controlled blasting techniques in one or more benches to create minimum breakage outside the line control but create maximum rock fragmentation within the target area. Prior to blasting, the applicable regulatory concerns/requirements shall be met.

Blasting: Blasting shall be performed only after approval has been given to the applicant for such operations and must comply with the following provisions, as well as others established by the appropriate regulatory agencies.

- A. The contractor or its subcontractor shall use sufficient stemming, matting or natural protective cover to prevent fly rock from leaving property owned or under control of the permittee or operator or from entering protected natural resources or natural buffer strips. Crushed rock or other suitable material must be used for stemming when available. Native gravel, drill cuttings or other material may be used for stemming if no other suitable material is available.
- B. The maximum allowable air-blast at any inhabited building not owned or controlled by the developer may not exceed 128 decibels peak when measured by an instrument having a flat response (+ or - 3 decibels) over the range of 5 to 200 hertz.
- C. The maximum allowable air-blast at an uninhabited building not owned or controlled by the developer may not exceed 140 decibels peak when measured by an instrument having a flat response (+ or - 3 decibels) over the range of 5 to 200 hertz.
- D. If a blast is to be initiated by detonating cord, the detonating cord must be covered by crushed rock or other suitable cover to reduce noise and concussion effects.
- E. Prior to blasting at each site, a pre-blast survey will be conducted. The pre-blast survey will inspect the blast area, and adjacent areas. The survey will document existing conditions and will include, but not be limited to buildings/structures, water supply wells, utilities (above and below ground). The survey will include written documentation as well as photographic documentation of existing conditions.

- F. Blasting may not occur in the period between sundown and sunrise of the following day or in the period from 7:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m., whichever is greater.
- G. A record of each blast, including seismographic data, must be kept for at least one year from the date of the last blast by the general contractor, its subcontractor (if appropriate) and developer, and must be available for inspection during normal business hours. The blast record shall contain, at a minimum, the following data:
- Name of blasting company or blasting contractor;
 - Location, date and time of blast;
 - Name and signature of blaster;
 - Type of material blasted;
 - Number and spacing of holes and depth of burden or stemming;
 - Diameter and depth of holes;
 - Type of explosives used;
 - Total amount of explosives used;
 - Maximum amount of explosives used per delay period of 8 milliseconds or greater;
 - Maximum number of holes per delay period of 8 milliseconds or greater;
 - Method of firing and type of circuit;
 - Direction and distance in feet to the nearest structure neither owned nor controlled by the project developer;
 - Weather conditions, including such factors as wind direction and cloud cover;
 - Height or length of stemming;
 - Amount of mats or other protection used;
 - Type of detonators used and delay periods used;
 - The exact location of each geophone and the distance of each geophone from the blast;
 - Seismographic readings, including peak particle velocity and frequency measured in the horizontal, vertical and longitudinal directions, and air-blast data;
 - Name and signature of the person operating each seismograph;
 - Names of the person and the firm analyzing the seismographic data, and
 - The stratum or structure on which the geophone is located during each blast.
- H. At the completion of blasting, a post-blast survey will be conducted of the same facilities (structures, foundations, water supply wells, utilities, etc.) as documented during the pre-blast survey. Findings inconsistent with those reported during the pre-blast survey will immediately be provided to the contractor/subcontractor/developer, and will be documented in writing and photographs.